

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL REPORT THIRD QUARTER



DECEMBER 31, 2021 *Unaudited*

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Narrative discussion

Third quarter – fiscal 2021/2022

This narrative discussion was prepared in accordance with the *Treasury Board Standard on Quarterly Financial Reports for Crown Corporations* (the "Treasury Board Standard"). It is not intended to be a full "Management's Discussion and Analysis". Disclosures and information in the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation's 2021 Annual Report are assumed to apply to the current quarter unless otherwise updated.

The condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with the Treasury Board Standard.

This narrative discussion and the accompanying financial statements were reviewed and approved by CDIC's Audit Committee.

Financial highlights

For the third quarter ended December 31, 2021, the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation ("CDIC" or "the Corporation") recognized a net income of \$346 million, based on premium revenue of \$193 million, investment income of \$24 million, a decrease to the provision for insurance losses ("the provision") of \$150 million, net operating expenses of \$19 million and an income tax expense of \$2 million. For the same period in the prior year, CDIC recognized a net income of \$239 million, based on premium revenue of \$185 million, investment income of \$22 million, a decrease to the provision of \$50 million, net operating expenses of \$14 million and an income tax expense of \$4 million.

For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, CDIC recognized a net income of \$695 million, based on premium revenue of \$579 million, investment income of \$69 million, a decrease to the provision of \$100 million, net operating expenses of \$49 million and incomes taxes of \$4 million. For the same period in the prior year, CDIC recognized a net income of \$276 million, arising principally from premium revenue of \$554 million, partially offset by an increase to the provision of \$300 million. Other items of significance were investment income of \$68 million, net operating expenses of \$42 million and an income tax expense of \$5 million.

The Corporation's \$579 million in premium revenue for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, represents an increase of \$25 million over the same period in the prior year. The increase was mainly due to growth in insured deposits.

The Corporation's \$69 million in investment income for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, was \$621 thousand higher than in the same period in the prior year. The increase was mainly due to the growth in the investment portfolio (\$7,264 million and \$6,513 million as at December 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively) partly offset by a decrease in the effective yield on investments (1.33% and 1.36%, as at December 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively).

The Corporation's net operating expenses for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, were \$49 million, \$8 million higher than for the same period in the prior year, mainly due to an increase in personnel costs and professional fees to support the Corporation's key initiatives.

The provision for insurance losses as at December 31, 2021, is \$2,550 million, \$100 million lower than the balance as at March 31, 2021, primarily due to changes in the risk profile of certain member institutions offset by an increase in exposure to losses.

CDIC's total assets as at December 31, 2021, were \$7,323 million, an increase of \$811 million from March 31, 2021, mainly driven by growth in CDIC's investment portfolio.

As at December 31, 2021, CDIC's ex ante funding (\$7,086 million) represented 69 basis points of insured deposits (\$1,025 billion), as compared to the minimum target level of 100 basis points which is expected to be achieved by the 2029/2030 fiscal year, two years later than the 2021/2022 Corporate Plan target of fiscal year 2027/2028. The forecasted additional years to reach the target is primarily due to higher than estimated growth in insured deposits and upcoming coverage changes as a result of the Deposit Insurance Review (DIR) Phase 2 which comes into effect April 2022.

Risk analysis

In addition to monitoring the risks faced by CDIC's membership that drive changes in the provision for insurance losses, Management utilizes an Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) program to identify and manage its key corporate risks. The ERM program guides the development of our corporate strategies, decision making and the allocation of resources, and includes an assessment of risks which is updated quarterly.

As of December 31, 2021, CDIC has appropriate risk mitigation strategies in place for significant risks facing the Corporation identified through this process. These risks are being assessed and monitored continuously by Management.

Changes in operations, personnel and programs

The following describes any significant changes in operations, personnel and programs that have occurred during the current quarter.

Operations	There were no significant changes during this quarter.
Board of Directors, Officers and Personnel	There were no significant changes during this quarter.
Programs and Initiatives	There were no significant changes during this quarter.

Financial results

Three-month period ended December 31, 2021, compared to three-month period ended December 31, 2020

The following table sets out CDIC's comparative results for the three-month period ended December 31, 2021, and 2020.

	For the three-mo	Variance Increase (Decrease)			
	Decen				
(C\$ thousands)	2021	2020	(\$)	(%)	
Premium revenue	193,208	184,791	8,417	5%	
Investment and other income	23,622	22,475	1,147	5%	
Change in provision for insurance losses	(150,000)	(50,000)	(100,000)	(200%)	
Net operating expenses	19,254	14,271	4,983	35%	
Income tax expense	1,815	4,250	(2,435)	(57%)	
Net income	345,761	238,745	107,016	45%	

Premium revenue

Premiums charged to member institutions are based on the total amount of insured deposits held by member institutions as at April 30 each year and are calculated annually in accordance with the *CDIC Act* and CDIC's *Differential Premiums By-law*. Premium rates are a key determinant of the length of time it will take to reach the Corporation's minimum target level of ex ante funding of 100 basis points of insured deposits. Each year, CDIC considers various premium rate options. For 2021/2022, the approved Category I rate (the base rate) is 7.5 basis points of insured deposits, unchanged from the 2020/2021 base rate. CDIC's premium revenue for fiscal 2021/2022, established from the Insured Deposits as at April 30, 2021, is estimated to be \$772 million, approximately 7.5 basis points of insured deposits. The amount recognized as premium revenue in each quarter represents one-fourth of the annual assessed amount.

Premium revenue of \$193 million was recorded during the three-month period ended December 31, 2021, compared to \$185 million for the same period in the prior year, a 5% increase. Growth in insured deposits contributed to the increase in premium revenue. Insured deposits grew to \$1,025 billion as at April 30, 2021, from \$968 billion as at April 30, 2020.

Investment and other income

The Corporation's \$24 million in investment and other income for the three-month period ended December 31, 2021, was \$1.1 million higher than in the same period in the prior year. The increase was due to the growth in the investment portfolio (\$7,264 million and \$6,513 million as at December 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively) partly offset by a decrease in the effective yield on investments (1.33% and 1.36%, as at December 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively).

Provision for insurance losses

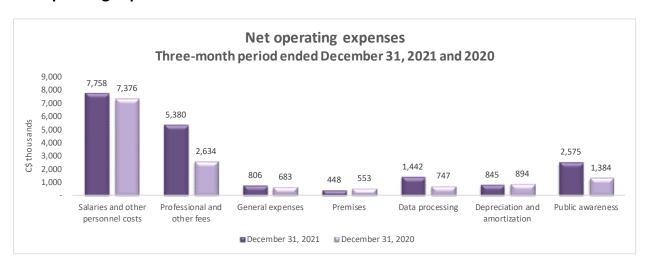
The provision represents Management's best estimate of the losses it expects to incur as a result of insuring deposits and in its role as resolution authority. The adequacy of the provision is assessed on a quarterly basis and, if necessary, adjustments are recorded.

In arriving at its estimate, Management considers the key inputs of its provisioning methodology: the exposure to losses, the probability of default derived from actual default statistics, expected loss given default, supervisory information, economic indicators, and CDIC's specific knowledge of the risk profile of its members.

CDIC's provision for insurance losses decreased from the previous quarter by \$150 million to \$2,550 million as at the period ended December 31, 2021. Several factors contributed to the net change in the provision for insurance losses, including:

- changes in the risk profile of certain member institutions; and
- a decrease in probability of defaults of certain member institutions.

Net operating expenses



The Corporation's net operating expenses for the three-month period ended December 31, 2021, were \$19 million, \$5 million higher than for the same period in the prior year mainly due to timing of public awareness spend and higher professional fees to support the Corporation's key initiatives.

Income taxes

The Corporation is subject to federal income tax. The Corporation's primary source of taxable income is its interest income. From this amount, allowable expenditures are deducted in order to arrive at its net income for tax purposes. Under the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*, the Corporation's premium revenue is not taxable and the change in the provision for insurance losses is not deductible for tax purposes. In addition, recoveries of amounts previously written off are not taxable because the Corporation did not previously claim a deduction for tax purposes.

For quarterly reporting, CDIC uses an effective tax rate to compute its tax liability or tax asset in accordance with IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. During the three-month period ended December

31, 2021, the Corporation recognized an income tax expense of \$2 million, \$2 million lower than in the same period in the prior year.

Nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, compared to nine-month period ended December 31, 2020

The following table sets out CDIC's comparative results for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, and 2020.

	For the nine-mor	Variance		
	Decem		Increase (D	,
(C\$ thousands)	2022	2020	(\$)	(%)
Premium revenue	579,239	554,329	24,910	4%
Investment and other income	68,814	68,069	745	1%
Change in provision for insurance losses	(100,000)	300,000	(400,000)	(133%)
Net operating expenses	49,423	41,714	7,709	18%
Income tax expense	3,720	5,077	(1,357)	(27%)
Net income	694,910	275,607	419,303	152%

Premium revenue

Premium revenue of \$579 million was recorded during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, compared to \$554 million for the same period in the prior year, a 4% increase. Growth in insured deposits contributed to the increase in premium revenue year over year.

Investment and other income

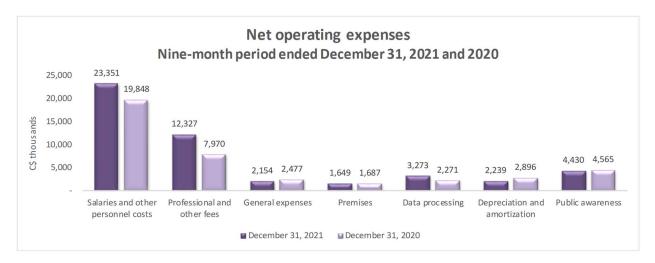
The Corporation's \$69 million in investment and other income for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, was \$746 thousand higher than in the same period in the prior year. The increase was mainly driven by the growth in the investment portfolio which was partly offset by a decrease in the effective yield on investments.

Provision for insurance losses

CDIC's provision for insurance losses decreased by \$100 million to \$2,550 million during the ninemonth period ended December 31, 2021. Several factors contributed to the net change in the provision for insurance losses, including:

- changes in the risk profile of certain member institutions;
- a decrease in probability of defaults of certain member institutions; and
- an increase in exposure to losses.

Net operating expenses



The Corporation's net operating expenses for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, were \$49 million, \$8 million higher than for the same period in the prior year. This is mainly due to an increase in personnel costs and professional fees to support the Corporation's key initiatives.

Income taxes

As described previously, CDIC uses an effective tax rate for quarterly reporting to compute its tax liability or tax asset in accordance with IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2021, the Corporation recognized an income tax expense of \$4 million, \$1 million lower than in the same period in the prior year.

Forecast results for fiscal 2021/2022, compared to Corporate Plan

This section includes future-oriented financial information that is based on certain assumptions. Actual results may differ from the forecasted information presented and such differences may be material.

	2021/	2022	Variance Increase (Decrease)	
(C\$ millions)	Forecast	Planned	(\$)	(%)
Premium revenue	772	765	7	1%
Investment and other income	92	76	16	21%
Change in provision for insurance losses	(150)	100	(250)	(250%)
Net operating expenses	71	68	3	4%
Income tax expense	5	2	3	150%
Net income	938	671	267	40%

Premium revenue

CDIC's 2021/2022 to 2025/2026 Corporate Plan (the "Corporate Plan") sets out planned premium revenue of \$765 million for fiscal 2021/2022, compared with Management's current forecasted revenue of \$772 million. The Corporate Plan was based on certain assumptions regarding increases in the level of insured deposits and the classification of members under the Differential Premiums system. Results to date have differed from the assumptions, resulting in a small variance between the planned and forecasted amounts.

Investment and other income

The forecasted investment and other income are \$92 million, compared to the planned amount of \$76 million, a variance of \$16 million. This increase is due to variations in certain assumptions used in developing the Corporate Plan regarding the yield on investment portfolio and premium receipts.

Provision for insurance losses

The forecasted provision for insurance losses as at March 31, 2022, is \$2,500 million, compared to the planned amount of \$2,700 million. This decrease is mainly due to changes in assumptions (probability of defaults) since the Plan amounts were developed.

Net operating expenses

Net operating expenses for fiscal 2021/2022 are forecasted at \$71 million, \$3 million higher than the planned amount. The increase is principally due to the accounting treatment for CDIC's payout modernization initiative. Costs that were budgeted as capital expenditures in fiscal 2021/2022 will be accounted for as operating expenses to ensure compliance with IFRS.

Ex ante funding

Sound funding arrangements are critical to the effectiveness of a deposit insurance system and the maintenance of public confidence. CDIC maintains ex ante funding to cover possible deposit insurance losses. The amount of such funding is represented by the aggregate of the Corporation's retained earnings and the provision for insurance losses. The minimum target level of the Corporation's ex ante funding is 100 basis points of insured deposits, which considers the size and complexity of CDIC's member institutions, as well as international best practices. The Corporation reviews this target funding level regularly to ensure it remains appropriate.

CDIC's ex ante funding level was \$7,086 million as at December 31, 2021, or 69 basis points of insured deposits. CDIC's Corporate Plan assumes that premium rates will remain stable. It is currently forecasted that CDIC will reach the minimum ex ante funding target level in fiscal 2029/2030.

Available liquid funds

The following table sets out the liquid funds available to CDIC.

(C\$ millions)	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Available liquid funds:		
Cash	40	2
Fair value of high-quality, liquid investment securities	7,260	6,586
Availability of borrowings:		
Borrowings authorized under the CDIC Act, either from market		
sources or from the Consolidated Revenue Fund	30,000	28,000
Total available funds	37,300	34,588
Insured deposits (as at April 30, 2021 and 2020 respectively)	1,025,235	967,981
Total basis points of insured deposits	364	357

CDIC's portfolio of investment securities is limited to high-quality, liquid securities: obligations of the Government of Canada and its agent Crowns, and obligations of Provincial Governments / Municipal Financing Authorities. Additional funds are available through CDIC's authority to borrow under the CDIC Act. As of December 31, 2021, the Corporation can borrow up to \$30 billion. The borrowing limit is adjusted annually on December 31 to reflect the growth of insured deposits. Supplemental borrowing, if required, could be authorized either by Parliament through an appropriation act, or by the Minister of Finance out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Management representation

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements in accordance with the *Treasury Board of Canada Standard on Quarterly Financial Reports for Crown Corporations* and for such internal controls as Management determines are necessary to enable the preparation of condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements that are free from material misstatement. Management is also responsible for ensuring all other information in this quarterly financial report is consistent, where appropriate, with the condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements.

The financial statements have not been audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

Based on our knowledge, these unaudited condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Corporation, as at the date of and for the periods presented in these condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements.

Leah Anderson

President & Chief Executive

Lead Auderson

Officer

Ottawa, Canada February 10, 2022 Camille Ringrose

Head, Finance and Operations & Chief

Camui Lip

Financial Officer

Ottawa, Canada February 10, 2022

Condensed consolidated financial statements and notes Condensed consolidated statement of financial position

As at December 31, 2021, and March 31, 2021, (C\$ thousands)

	December 31,	March 31,
	2021	2021
ASSETS		
Cash	39,739	2,480
Investment securities	7,263,824	6,490,225
Trade and other receivables	260	172
Current tax asset	1,649	1,130
Prepayments	1,098	1,302
Right-of-use assets	9,014	9,700
Property, plant & equipment	3,649	4,163
Intangible assets	3,652	2,999
TOTAL ASSETS	7,322,885	6,512,171
LIABILITIES		
Trade and other payables	31,247	8,465
Lease liabilities	10,537	10,390
Deferred premium revenue	193,079	-
Employee benefits	1,547	1,508
Provision for insurance losses	2,550,000	2,650,000
Deferred tax liability	60	303
Total liabilities	2,786,470	2,670,666
EQUITY		
Retained earnings	4,536,415	3,841,505
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	7,322,885	6,512,171

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2021, and 2020 (C\$ thousands)

		For the three-month period ended December 3 I		For the nine-month period ended		
				Decem	ber 3 l	
N	otes	202 I	2020	202 I	2020	
REVENUE						
Premium		193,208	184,791	579,239	554,329	
Investment income		23,584	22,449	68,659	68,038	
Other income		38	26	155	31	
		216,830	207,266	648,053	622,398	
EXPENSES						
Net operating expenses	6	19,254	14,271	49,423	41,714	
(Decrease) increase in the provision for insurance losses	5	(150,000)	(50,000)	(100,000)	300,000	
		(130,746)	(35,729)	(50,577)	341,714	
Net income before income taxes		347,576	242,995	698,630	280,684	
Income tax expense		1,815	4,250	3,720	5,077	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		345,761	238,745	694,910	275,607	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2021, and 2020 (C\$ thousands)

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31

	Retained earnings and total equity
Balance, September 30, 2021	4,190,654
Total comprehensive income	345,761
Balance, December 31, 2021	4,536,415
Balance, September 30, 2020	3,516,553
Total comprehensive income	238,745
Balance, December 31, 2020	3,755,298
FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEME	BER 31
Balance, March 31, 2021	3,841,505
Total comprehensive income	694,910
Balance, December 31, 2021	4,536,415
Balance, March 31, 2020	3,479,691
Total comprehensive income	275,607
Balance, December 31, 2020	3,755,298

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2021, and 2020 (C\$ thousands)

	For the three-month period ended December 3 I		For the nine-mon	•
	2021	2020	2021	2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income before income taxes	345,761	238,745	694,910	275,607
Add (deduct) items not involving cash				
Depreciation and amortization	845	894	2,239	2,896
Investment income	(23,584)	(22,449)	(68,659)	(68,038)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	44	52	72	161
Income tax expense	1,815	4,250	3,720	5,077
Employee benefit expense	34	36	100	109
Defined benefit payment	(33)	(9)	(61)	(80)
Change in working capital:				
Decrease in premiums receivable	-	176,560	-	-
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	48	(7)	(88)	76
Decrease in prepayments	337	556	204	138
Increase in trade and other payables	24,811	31,225	22,782	28,533
Increase in deferred premium revenue	189,604	182,034	193,079	184,771
(Decrease) increase in the provision for insurance losses	(150,000)	(50,000)	(100,000)	300,000
Interest received	41,212	37,341	106,359	98,329
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(44)	(52)	(129)	(161)
Income tax paid	(1,363)	(2,146)	(4,483)	(9,401)
Net cash generated by operating activities	429,487	597,030	850,045	818,017
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(1,132)	(1,130)	(1,559)	(1,855)
Purchase of investment securities	(740,920)	(1,051,037)	(1,918,619)	(2,333,163)
Proceeds from sale or maturity of investment securities	321,260	460,215	1,107,320	1,520,584
Net cash used in investing activities	(420,792)	(591,952)	(812,858)	(814,434)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal payment of lease liabilities	(468)	(419)	(1,233)	(1,100)
Leasehold Improvement allowance	1,305	-	1,305	-
Net cash used in financing activities	837	(419)	72	(1,100)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	9,532	4,659	37,259	2,483
Cash, beginning of period	30,207	1,392	2,480	3,568
Cash, end of period	39,739	6,051	39,739	6,051

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

I - General information

The Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation (CDIC, or the Corporation) was established in 1967 by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act (the CDIC Act). It is a Crown corporation without share capital named in Part I of Schedule III to the Financial Administration Act and is funded by premiums assessed against its member institutions and investment income. The Corporation is subject to federal income tax pursuant to the provisions of the Income Tax Act. The address of the registered office is 50 O'Connor Street, 17th Floor, in Ottawa, Ontario.

The objects of the Corporation are: to provide insurance against the loss of part or all of deposits in member institutions; to promote and otherwise contribute to the stability of the financial system in Canada; to pursue these objects for the benefit of depositors of member institutions and in such manner as will minimize the exposure of the Corporation to loss; and to act as the resolution authority for its member institutions.

The Corporation has the power to do all things necessary or incidental to the furtherance of its objects, including, but not limited to: acquiring assets from and providing guarantees or loans to member institutions and others; making or causing to be made inspections of member institutions; acting as liquidator, receiver or inspector of a member institution or a subsidiary thereof; establishing a bridge institution and acquiring shares and/or assets and assuming liabilities of member institutions; and converting some of the debt of a failing domestic systemically important bank (D-SIB) into common shares in order to recapitalize the bank and allow it to remain open and operating.

The Corporation is an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada for all purposes of the CDIC Act. As a result, all obligations incurred by the Corporation in the course of carrying out its mandate are obligations of Canada.

In July 2015, the Corporation was issued a directive (P.C. 2015-1107) pursuant to section 89 of the Financial Administration Act to align its travel, hospitality, conference and event expenditure policies, guidelines and practices with Treasury Board policies, directives and related instruments on travel, hospitality, conference, and event expenditures, in a manner that is consistent with its legal obligations. The Corporation is in compliance with the directive.

The Deposit Insurance Review that was announced in the 2014 Budget to modernize and enhance Canada's deposit insurance framework received Royal Assent on June 21, 2018. Certain changes relating to deposit insurance coverage came into force on April 30, 2020, while the second phase of changes is set to come into force on April 30, 2022. The changes have required and will continue to require amendments to the Corporation's processes.

Changes to the CDIC Act resulting from the Budget Implementation Act 2021, No.1, received Royal Assent in June 2021. These new measures promote financial stability by strengthening Canada's deposit protection and bank resolution regime. Key changes to the CDIC Act include:

- Strengthening the cross-border enforceability of the stay provisions that apply to eligible financial contracts;
- Providing legislative clarity to ensure beneficiaries of trust deposits continue to be protected once the new requirements related to trust deposits come into force; and
- Extending the time limit for retaining control of a failing bank to 18 months from six months to allow CDIC time to complete its sale or restructuring.

These condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Corporation's Audit Committee on February 10, 2022.

Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements, presented in Canadian dollars, have been prepared in accordance with the *Treasury Board Standard on Quarterly Financial Reports for Crown Corporations* and do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements. These condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021.

These condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the lease liability, provision for insurance losses and certain employee benefits which are measured at their present value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and the amount of cash expected to be paid to satisfy a liability.

2 - Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied by the Corporation in these condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements are the same as those applied by the Corporation in its audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of quarterly financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires Management to make judgments and estimations that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements, the significant judgments made by Management in applying the Corporation's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021

3 - Financial instruments

Information on the maturity and composition of the Corporation's investment securities is included in the tables below.

	Remaining term to maturity			
	90 days or	91 days to		
As at December 31, 2021 (C\$ thousands)	less	l year	I to 5 years	Total
Bonds	286,248	1,050,256	5,927,320	7,263,824
Weighted average effective yield (%)	1.01	1.47	1.32	1.33
Total investment securities	286,248	1,050,256	5,927,320	7,263,824
Weighted average effective yield (%)	1.01	1.47	1.32	1.33

	Remaining term to maturity			
	90 days or	91 days to		
As at March 31, 2021 (C\$ thousands)	less	l year	I to 5 years	Total
Treasury bills	36,395	-	-	36,395
Weighted average effective yield (%)	0.11	-	-	0.11
Bonds	384,014	890,986	5,178,830	6,453,830
Weighted average effective yield (%)	1.15	1.16	1.43	1.38
Total investment securities	420,409	890,986	5,178,830	6,490,225
Weighted average effective yield (%)	1.06	1.16	1.43	1.37

The following table includes the fair value measurement of the Corporation's investment securities.

			Fair values			
	Amortized	Unrealized				
As at December 31, 2021 (C\$ thousands)	cost	gain (loss)	Level I	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Bonds	7,263,824	(4,065)	5,243,952	2,015,807	-	7,259,759
Total investment securities	7,263,824	(4,065)	5,243,952	2,015,807	-	7,259,759

			Fair values			
	Amortized	Unrealized				
As at March 31, 2021 (C\$ thousands)	cost	gain	Level I	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Treasury bills	36,395	-	36,395	-	-	36,395
Bonds	6,453,830	95,691	4,778,286	1,771,235	-	6,549,521
Total investment securities	6,490,225	95,691	4,814,681	1,771,235	-	6,585,916

The following table summarizes the credit quality of the Corporation's investment securities by credit rating.

(C\$ thousands)	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
AAA	5,255,804	5,126,190
AA+	363,991	-
AA	167,248	72,325
AA-	641,006	628,456
A+	835,775	663,254
Total investment securities	7,263,824	6,490,225

The carrying amounts in the above tables include accrued interest.

The Corporation did not record any loss allowances on its investment securities as at December 31, 2021 (March 31, 2021: nil).

4 - Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

The Corporation leases office space in Ottawa, the term of which ends in September 2030, with an option to renew for an additional five years. It also leases two separate office spaces in Toronto, one of which expires in October 2026, whereas the second expires in November 2022 with an option to renew for an additional year. The extension option for Ottawa and Toronto offices is exercisable solely at the discretion of the Corporation. The Corporation also leases equipment under a five-year term ending in May 2025.

Carrying value of right-of-use-assets

	Leased office		
(C\$ thousands)	space	Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance, March 31, 2021	12,487	78	12,565
Additions	1,381	-	1,381
Adjustments	(1,245)	-	(1,245)
Balance, December 31, 2021	12,623	78	12,701
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance, March 31, 2021	2,832	33	2,865
Depreciation	815	7	822
Balance, December 31, 2021	3,647	40	3,687
Carrying amounts			
Balance, March 31, 2021	9,655	45	9,700
Balance, December 31, 2021	8,976	38	9,014

Carrying value of lease liabilities

Leased office

(C\$ thousands)	space	Equipment	Total
Balance, March 31, 2021	10,345	45	10,390
Additions	1,381	-	1,381
Finance charges	129	-	129
Lease payments	(1,355)	(8)	(1,363)
Balance, December 31, 2021	10,500	37	10,537

Interest expense on lease liabilities amounting to \$129 thousand was recorded in the statement of comprehensive income during the nine months ended December 31, 2021. The Corporation recognized no expenses related to short-term leases and the amount recognized for low-value assets during the third quarter ended December 31, 2021, was insignificant. Cash payments for the interest portion of \$129 thousand and the principal portion of \$1.2 million of the lease liability were recognized in the statement of cash flows under operating activities and financing activities, respectively.

Maturity analysis for lease liabilities (undiscounted)

	Leased office		
(C\$ thousands)	space	Equipment	Total
Not later than one year	1,590	11	1,601
Later than one year and not later than five years	5,495	26	5,521
Later than five years	4,177	-	4,177
Total	11,262	37	11,299

5 - Provision for insurance losses

The provision for insurance losses represents the Corporation's best estimate of the future outflow of economic benefits resulting from the Corporation's object to insure deposits held by member institutions in the event of failure. The estimate is based on an expected loss calculation and is subject to uncertainty surrounding the amount and timing of losses. As such, actual losses may differ significantly from estimates.

Changes in the provision for insurance losses are summarized as follows:

(C\$ thousands)	Provision for insurance losses
Balance, March 31, 2021	2,650,000
Change in the provision	50,000
Balance, June 30, 2021	2,700,000
Change in the provision	-
Balance, September 30, 2021	2,700,000
Change in the provision	(150,000)
Balance, December 31, 2021	2,550,000

The Corporation is implementing the Deposit Insurance Framework Review that was announced in the 2014 Budget to modernize and enhance Canada's deposit insurance framework. Certain changes relating to deposit insurance coverage came into force on April 30, 2020, while the second phase of changes are set to come into force on April 30, 2022. These changes have required and will continue to require amendments to CDIC processes.

6 - Operating expenses

The following table provides details of total net operating expenses of the Corporation for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2021.

	For the three-month period ended		For the nine-month period ended	
	December 31		December 31	
(C\$ thousands)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Salaries and other personnel costs	7,758	7,376	23,351	19,848
Professional and other fees	5,380	2,634	12,327	7,970
General expenses	787	664	2,181	2,450
Premises	448	553	1,649	1,687
Data processing	1,442	747	3,273	2,271
Depreciation and amortization	491	498	1,417	1,786
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	354	396	822	1,110
Interest (recovery)/expense on lease liabilities	44	52	72	161
Public awareness	2,575	1,384	4,430	4,565
	19,279	14,304	49,522	41,848
Expense recoveries	(25)	(33)	(99)	(134)
Total operating expenses	19,254	14,271	49,423	41,714

7 - Related party transactions

The Corporation is related in terms of common ownership to all Government of Canada departments, agencies, and Crown corporations. The Corporation has transacted with related parties through both the provision and receipt of various services. Such transactions were conducted in the normal course of

operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.